



2011-2012 USA Volleyball
THEORETICAL EXAM – Form A
A Joint Project of PAVO and USA Volleyball

USA Volleyball (USAV) and PAVO collaborate on developing the theoretical examinations. For clarity and simplification, each rules code has a specific Form A and Form B examination.

This is the USAV version of the Form A examination. To be certified by both PAVO and USAV, the examination for each rule code must be completed in two separate test sessions.

If anyone taking this written exam has special needs because of any disability, please advise the test administrator and provide documentation of your disability.

Exam Instructions and Information: Read each question thoroughly and answer each question on the attached answer sheet using current USA Volleyball Domestic Competition Regulations. “Team S” refers to the serving team, and “Team R” refers to the receiving team. When a team’s serve or receive status is not relevant to the question, “Team A” or “Team B” is used to differentiate the teams.

The following assumptions pertain to each question unless other conditions are specifically noted:

- USAV clarification boxes take precedence over the corresponding FIVB rule and if applicable, should be used when considering each answer.
- Rule 10.1.2 (“Pursuit Rule”) **is** in effect.
- Do **not** consider special rules used in Open competition or 14 and Under competition.
- **No** sanctions (team or individual) have been assessed.
- The penalty area is **not** being used.
- Requests for interruptions (time-outs, substitutions) or line-up checks have **not** been acknowledged (whistled) by the referees.

NOTE – To all USAV National and Junior National Referees:

All National and Junior National Referees certified by USAV are required to take this examination without using the rule book or other assistance at the time the test is taken. The test session is limited to 60 minutes whether taking the online examination or the printed examination. There are repercussions for not obtaining the required score (90%) or not submitting the answer sheet by the stated deadline (see below). Please refer to the USAV web site for details. Form B of the examination is available from your USAV Regional Referee Chair if the required score is not obtained on Form A.

USAV National and Junior National Referees must submit a copy of the graded answer sheet or the online examination results by **February 15, 2012**, to Kathy Ferraraccio, Associate Chair, USAV National Indoor Officials Commission, 66A Congamond Rd., Southwick, MA 01077. kathy@ferraraccio.com

Please sign below to indicate that you understand these requirements and have completed this test in the prescribed manner. Submit this page with your answer sheet.

Signature

Date



2011-2012 USA VOLLEYBALL THEORETICAL EXAM FORM A



Question #	USAV answer
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Question #	USAV answer
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NOTE: Questions 51-60 are techniques questions and will not be considered in the final exam score.



2011-2012 USA VOLLEYBALL THEORETICAL EXAM A



For the purpose of this test use the following information:

R = RECEIVING TEAM

R1 = RIGHT BACK
R2 = RIGHT FRONT
R3 = CENTER FRONT
R4 = LEFT FRONT
R5 = LEFT BACK
R6 = CENTER BACK

S = SERVING TEAM

S1 = RIGHT BACK
S2 = RIGHT FRONT
S3 = CENTER FRONT
S4 = LEFT FRONT
S5 = LEFT BACK
S6 = CENTER BACK

NOTE: When a team's serve or receive status is not relevant to the question, "Team A" or "Team B" is used to denote a specific team.

Part I

DIRECTIONS: Read each situation carefully. Decide whether the official's decision or action is correct (C) or incorrect (I). Write either "C" or "I" in the space provided on the answer sheet.

1. The Libero's uniform shorts do not have to be the same color as the rest of the team members'.
2. The appropriate position for coaches while the ball is in play is at least 1.75 meters (5'10") from the court and outside the substitution zone.
3. Line-up checks are included in the definition of "regular game interruptions".
4. While attempting to set an errant pass, S6 contacts Team R's court with one foot completely across the center line. The encroachment is a significant distance beyond the line but does not present a safety hazard or interfere with the opponents. The referees allow play to continue.
5. Team A has designated two Libero players for the match. During Set 1, the Acting Libero is injured, and the second Libero becomes the Acting Libero. Team A's coach would like to re-designate another player as the second Libero. The referees allow this.
6. The first referee stops play for a ball on the court. The first referee then signals "replay" due to external interference. The Team A coach requests a timeout, and the referees do not allow the timeout.
7. Team A wears jerseys that are half white and half royal blue. The Libero for Team A is wearing a jersey that is entirely royal blue. The referees determine that the Libero's jersey is illegal since the non-Libero jerseys are more than 25% royal blue.
8. The first referee whistles a fault on the Team A server for a service delay. Although there has not been a completed rally, Team B is allowed to request a substitution since they are forced to rotate by the Team A fault.
9. The referees allow the teams to list two Libero players on their line-up sheets at the beginning of the match.

R = RECEIVING TEAM	S = SERVING TEAM	IWP = Individual Warning or Penalty	PtS = Team S wins a point & the serve
R1 = RIGHT BACK	S1 = RIGHT BACK	EXP = Expulsion	PtR = Team R wins a point & the serve
R2 = RIGHT FRONT	S2 = RIGHT FRONT	DQ = Disqualification	RP = Replay
R3 = CENTER FRONT	S3 = CENTER FRONT	IR = Denial, Improper Request	N = No fault; Play continues
R4 = LEFT FRONT	S4 = LEFT FRONT	DW = Delay Warning	S = Substitution
R5 = LEFT BACK	S5 = LEFT BACK	DP = Delay Penalty	TO = Time-out
R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

10. When a team lists only one Libero player on the line-up sheet at the start of the match, the team may designate a different player as Libero on the line-up sheet for a subsequent set.
11. The coach for Team B submits the team's line-up prior to Set 1. Player # 9 is listed as the Libero, and the coach indicates #9 will also act as game captain while on the court. The referees allow the Libero to serve as floor captain.
12. The first referee whistles and authorizes service. Before the service contact, an errant ball rolls onto the court, and the referees whistle to stop the service attempt. The Team S captain asks for a line-up check before the first referee re-authorizes the serve. The second referee provides the line-up check.
13. Team A passes the ball into the body of the net. A Team B player, who is near the net, reaches laterally to place a hand in the path of the ball. The ball contacts the net and the Team B player's hand, and then rebounds to the floor of Team A's court. The referees do not call a fault, and Team B wins the rally.
14. With less than two minutes remaining on the clock timing the pre-match warm-ups, Team A's coach requests a change to Team A's starting line-up. The referees allow the line-up change without penalty and no substitution is charged to Team A.
15. Team S #6 enters the substitution zone for the team's first substitution of the set. After the completion of the substitution of #6 for #12, the Team S captain requests the team's first time-out. At the conclusion of the time-out, Team S #4 enters the substitution zone in preparation to enter the match. The second referee allows the substitution.

Part II

DIRECTIONS: Read each statement and select the one choice that best answers the question. Assume no previous conditions or sanctions exist except for those specifically stated in the question. Place the letter of your choice in the space provided on the answer sheet.

16. What is the correct signal sequence for the first referee at the end of the set, when a deciding set is to be played next?
 - A. Whistle to end the rally, signal the fault and then award the final point; whistle and signal the end of the set; whistle and send teams to their respective end lines while the first or second referee conducts the deciding set coin toss.
 - B. Whistle to end the rally, award the final point then signal the fault; whistle and signal the end of the set; whistle and send teams to their respective end lines while the first or second referee conducts the deciding set coin toss.
 - C. Whistle to end the rally, signal the fault and then award the final point; whistle and signal the end of the set; whistle and release teams to their respective team benches while the first or second referee conducts the deciding set coin toss.
 - D. Whistle to end the rally, award the final point then signal the fault; whistle and signal the end of the set; whistle and release teams to their respective team benches while the first or second referee conducts the deciding set coin toss.

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R3 = CENTER FRONT	S3 = CENTER FRONT	IR = Denial, Improper Request	N = No fault; Play continues
R4 = LEFT FRONT	S4 = LEFT FRONT	DW = Delay Warning	S = Substitution
R5 = LEFT BACK	S5 = LEFT BACK	DP = Delay Penalty	TO = Time-out
R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

17. What is the correct procedure for a team to designate the Libero players on the line-up sheet?
- If the team designates only one Libero, a different player must be designated as a secondary Libero from any of the bench players.
 - If the team designated two Liberos for the match, both Liberos are listed on the first set line-up sheet. Only one of these players may participate as Libero during the match as determined by the coach.
 - The team may designate up to two Liberos on the line-up sheet for the match.
 - Both A and B.
18. Which of the following result in an improper request being assessed to a team?
- A substitution request that would result in a wrong position entry.
 - A substitution request for entry of a player wearing an illegal (unpadded) thumb brace.
 - A substitution request for a team's 13th team substitution in a set.
 - All of the above result in an improper request being assessed to a team.
19. Which team member must represent a team during the deciding set coin toss?
- The game captain who is currently on the court at the end of the last non-deciding set, even if they are not the team captain.
 - The team captain, regardless of whether he/she is on the court at the end of the last non-deciding set.
 - Any team member or team representative.
 - The team's coach.
20. Team S #5 enters the substitution zone preparing to enter the court, at the same instant Team R requests a time-out. The second referee whistles to recognize the time-out request and indicates that the substitution request will be permitted at the conclusion of the time-out. Which option is available to the Team S coach regarding the substitution request?
- The coach may decide that no substitution will be made at the end of the time-out.
 - Multiple substitutions may be completed at the end of the time-out..
 - Team S #7 can enter the substitution zone, instead of #5, for #9.
 - Since no substitution request was recognized before the time-out, all of the above request options are available after the time-out.
21. S5 sets the ball and then brushes the net while moving out of the way of her teammate. What is the correct action to be taken by the second referee?
- Give a visible, two-handed "safe" signal and allow play to continue.
 - Whistle and indicate a net fault by S5.
 - Allow play to continue.
 - Defer to the first referee to make the call.

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R4 = LEFT FRONT	S4 = LEFT FRONT	DW = Delay Warning	S = Substitution
R5 = LEFT BACK	S5 = LEFT BACK	DP = Delay Penalty	TO = Time-out
R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

22. S1, who is near the net, jumps to save a teammate's pass and in doing so, extends her hand/arm higher than the top of the net. While S1's hand is higher than the top of the net, R3 legally attacks the ball into S1's shoulder, which is below the top of the net. What is the correct action for the first referee?
- Whistle and signal illegal attack by R3.
 - Whistle and signal illegal block by S1.
 - Whistle and signal illegal attack by S1.
 - Give a signal indicating "player below the net" and allow play to continue.
23. A player enters the substitution zone and the second referee whistles to acknowledge this request for substitution. The head coach immediately states that no substitution is wanted at this time. What is the correct action by the referees?
- The second referee informs the coach that the substitute must enter the match.
 - Notify the coach that she/he can choose to either complete the substitution quickly, or cancel the substitution request and be assessed a delay sanction.
 - Notify the coach that she/he can choose to either complete the substitution quickly, or cancel the substitution request and be assessed an improper request.
 - The substitution request is canceled and no further action is necessary.
24. If an appropriate referee stand cannot be provided, the first referee performs his/her functions using which of the following?
- A step ladder.
 - Jump box(es).
 - Standing on the floor.
 - Any of the above.
25. Which of the following are considered jewelry, and consequently are not permitted to be worn during junior play?
- Hair control devices, such as bobby pins or barrettes.
 - Dermal implants.
 - Sweatband around the head.
 - Plastic spacers ("retainers") used to replace jewelry in a piercing hole.
26. A time-out ends early since both teams are on the court and ready to play. The official timer forgets to stop the clock, and the automated horn buzzes in the middle of the subsequent rally. How should the referees handle this situation?
- Allow the rally to continue to its natural end, and the final result of the rally stands. The official timer should be replaced at the end of the rally.
 - As soon as the referees hear the inadvertent horn, play must be stopped and the rally must be replayed.
 - Allow the rally to continue to its natural end. If players from the team that lose the rally complain that they were distracted by the horn, the rally will be replayed.
 - If the inadvertent horn affects play in any way, the first referee must direct a replay.

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R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

27. During play, Team S's coach is standing approximately one meter (3 ft.) from the sideline. The referees have already reminded Team S's coach to remain at least 1.75 meters (5'10") from the court during play. How should the referees address this repeated behavior?
- The rally should be stopped, and a delay sanction should be assessed.
 - At the end of the rally, the coach should again be verbally reminded to remain at least 1.75 meters (5' 10") from the court during play.
 - The rally should be stopped, and the coach should be assessed with an individual yellow card since a verbal warning/reminder has already been issued.
 - At the end of the rally, Team S should be assessed a delay sanction.
28. Team B #9 enters the substitution zone to enter the game to replace #15 on the court, and the second referee whistles to acknowledge this request. The scorer reminds the second referee that #9 was replaced by exceptional substitution in the first set. What is the correct action?
- Allow the substitution.
 - Deny the substitution and assess an improper request to Team B.
 - Deny the substitution and assess a delay sanction to Team B.
 - Deny the substitution with no further sanction or penalty.
29. Which of the following is permitted if a rally is stopped and replayed due to an injury?
- A time-out request after the initial 30-second evaluation period.
 - A substitution request to replace the injured player.
 - A legal Libero replacement to replace an injured back row player.
 - Any of the above may be permitted.
30. Which team member may NOT request a time-out?
- The captain.
 - The coach.
 - An assistant coach.
 - Any of the above team members may request a time-out.

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R5 = LEFT BACK	S5 = LEFT BACK	DP = Delay Penalty	TO = Time-out
R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

Part III

DIRECTIONS: Indicate the referee's decision in each situation using the key below. There is only one best answer for each situation. Assume no previous conditions or sanctions exist except for those specifically stated in the question. Place the letter code of your choice in the space provided on the answer sheet using the key below.

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EXP = Expulsion	PtR = Team R wins a point & the serve
DQ = Disqualification	RP = Replay
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DP = Delay Penalty	TO = Time-out

31. S1 contacts the ball for service. At the moment of contact, the second referee whistles and indicates R5 and R6 out of position. The served ball hits the net but does not cross it. The second referee then discovers that R5 and R6 were in legal positions.
32. A substitute for Team R enters the substitution zone and the second referee whistles and signals substitution. Before the substitute enters the court the coach decides not to make the substitution, tells the referee that no substitution is wanted at this time, and the substitute returns to the warm-up area.
33. During a time-out, the second referee notices that a Team S junior player is wearing a bracelet. The second referee instructs the player to remove the jewelry during the time-out.
34. While pursuing an errant pass, R4 runs into a spectator in the playing area, which prevents R4 from playing the ball.
35. R4 slightly contacts the net while moving across the floor parallel to the net to prepare to block the ball.
36. While in the front zone, S5 sets a ball toward S3 while the ball is entirely higher than the top of the net. The ball enters the plane of the net, but before S3 can contact the ball, R4 legally blocks the ball, which then lands out-of-bounds on Team S's side of the net.
37. After Team R receives an improper request for requesting a third time-out, a Team R substitute enters the substitution zone.
38. The coach for Team S requests the team's second time-out immediately following the team's first time-out.
39. S3 contacts the bottom of the net while playing a ball out of the net.
40. During the second set, the Acting Libero is replaced by a second Libero, through the Libero replacement zone.
41. Player #12 is in the service position. After the whistle for service, #12 realizes that #6 is the correct server. Player #12 tosses the ball to player #6, who legally serves the ball within the allotted time period. All Team S players are in the correct position at time of service contact.
42. S1 passes a ball to S3, who sets the ball toward S4. While in the plane of the net, the ball is simultaneously contacted by S4 and R4 and then rolls into the antenna.

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R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

43. R4 attacks the ball and her hand touches the mesh in the middle of the net during her follow-through.
44. A Team S player is expelled in Set 1. Later during the same set, the expelled player expresses contempt for the referee's decision and jumps from the bench to yell at the referees.
45. After entering the substitution zone, a substitute immediately runs onto the court before being authorized by the second referee. Previously, the substitute had been verbally cautioned to wait for the second referee's authorization to enter.
46. A delay warning is assessed to Team S during Set 2. Later in the same set, the coach from Team S requests a time-out clearly after the first referee's whistle for service.
47. Team R attacks the ball, which lands near Team S's sideline. The line judge for that line signals "ball in." The first referee sees the ball land "out."
48. On the second team contact, S6 sets the ball toward S4. While the ball is entirely on Team S's side of the net, R2 blocks it before S4 is able to attack the ball. The ball lands on Team S's court.
49. The Team S Libero is in the front zone and passes a ball using overhand finger ("setting") action. S1 is behind the attack line when she/he completes an attack on the ball, which is completely above the top of the net. The ball lands on Team R's court.
50. R2's foot and S4's foot make inadvertent contact beneath the net. R2 trips on S4's foot and falls to the floor. Both players were legally touching the center line. The ball remains in play, and neither player is injured or is prevented from making a subsequent play on the ball during that rally.

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Part IV - Techniques & Protocol Questions (optional)

DIRECTIONS: The following optional questions are related to current USAV officiating techniques and protocols. The results of this part of the exam will not affect your score. They are provided to give you the opportunity to test your knowledge of officiating techniques. Read each situation carefully. Decide whether the official's decision or action is correct (C) or incorrect (I) and write either "C" or "I" in the space provided on the answer sheet. For multiple choice questions, select the one choice that best answers the question.

51. During the pre-match briefing, the first referee should instruct line judges to signal "out" when a ball contacts the cable outside of the antenna.
52. During the pre-match briefing, the second referee should instruct the scorer to immediately inform the second referee when a wrong server is noted.
53. When a time-out occurs, the referees use the "time-out" signal and then extend one arm/hand toward the court of the team making the request.
54. While timing the pre-match warm-up segments, the second referee should whistle a 15-second "warning", and the horn should sound to end each segment of the timed warm-ups.
55. The optimal head position for the first referee when play at the net is developing is to lean over to the attacker's side for the clearest view.
56. When a player on the court is assessed a penalty (yellow card), the second referee should step out and inform the captain of the sanction.
57. During a time-out, the second referee's review of the score sheet should include:
 - A. Ensure that the substitutions entered in the SERVICE ORDER boxes matches the total number of team substitutions slashed in the counter.
 - B. Note the next server.
 - C. Note the number of time-outs and substitutions each team has taken.
 - D. All of the above.
58. After signaling the final point of the match and indicating the end of match, what action should the first referee take?
 - A. Walk quickly to the score table to escort the other members of the crew from the court.
 - B. Wait to verify the score sheet after the scorer has completed it, request each team's coach (or captain, when appropriate) to sign it, and then the first referee signs it.
 - C. Walk quickly on the most direct route to the location determined in the pre-match discussion with event management staff and co-officials for departure from the court.
 - D. Stay on the referee stand until the players have moved to their benches, then depart the area quickly.

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R4 = LEFT FRONT	S4 = LEFT FRONT	DW = Delay Warning	S = Substitution
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R6 = CENTER BACK	S6 = CENTER BACK		

59. When Team R has taken their second time-out in a set, what communication should the second referee use at the end of that time-out?
- Communicate to the Team R coach that two time-outs have been taken by extending two fingers of the right hand and laying the left palm across the top.
 - Do not communicate directly to the Team R coach, but both the first and second referee indicate the number of time-outs each team has used before resuming play.
 - Reports to the Team R coach and first referee that two time-outs have been taken.
 - Communicate (either by signal or verbally) to the Team R coach that two time-outs have been taken. Also, both the first and second referee indicate the number of time-outs each team has used before resuming play.
60. What is the proper technique for the second referee when whistling a net violation by a player?
- Whistle and indicate the team that wins the rally and will serve next. Then signal "net fault," followed by displaying the uniform number of the player at fault.
 - Whistle and signal "net fault," followed by indicating the player at fault using an open hand with arm extended toward the player. Then repeat the first referee's signal to award the point and next service.
 - Whistle and indicate the team that wins the rally and will serve next. Then signal "net fault," followed by indicating the player at fault using an open hand with arm extended toward the player.
 - Whistle and signal "net fault," followed by displaying the uniform number of the player at fault. Then repeat the first referee's signal to award the point and next service.